**The Early Middle Ages p 2 - 4**

1. Who ruled over Great Britain from 55 BC to around 450 AD?
2. What was happening around 450 AD?
3. After the departure of the (see answer to question 1), the Celtic-Roman inhabitants were attacked from different sides. By whom and why?
4. After the invaders (see answer to question 3) stopped plundering and destroying, they began to settle in Great Britain. What was the balance of power like?
5. What was the situation in Wales, Scotland, and Cornwall?
6. How was Anglo-Saxon society governed?
7. Discuss the importance of the concept of "loyalty" in Anglo-Saxon society.
8. From the 7th century, besides the elite and common people, another group took an important place in Anglo-Saxon society. Who?
9. How did they arrive in Great Britain, and what was their role?
10. At the end of the 6th and during the 7th century, Christianity made its way into Great Britain. Describe this process and its consequences.
11. Who was Bede?
12. In which languages were Bede's works written in Great Britain?
13. What is the "Anglo-Saxon Chronicle"?
14. The conversion from paganism to Christianity occurred naturally over time. The excavation of Sutton Hoo in Suffolk demonstrates this transition. Explain.
15. What happened in 793?
16. How was it possible for the Vikings to plunder Great Britain with so little resistance?
17. Over time, even a few Scandinavian kings came to sit on the Anglo-Saxon throne. How could this happen?
18. In 1066, the Anglo-Saxon period came to an end. Why? How did this happen?
19. Discuss the importance of King Alfred for Anglo-Saxon society.